

Grade K Life Science

State Standard	FOSS Program
K.LS1: From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and	
Processes	
1) Use information from observations to identify differences	FOSS Next Generation Animals Two by Two
between plants and animals (locomotion, obtainment of food, and	TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-5
take in air/gasses).	Investigation 2: Parts 1-3
	Investigation 3; Parts
2) Recognize differences between living organisms and non-living	Investigation 4; Parts 1-3
materials and sort them into groups by observable physical	SE: Fish Same and Different, Fish Live in Many Places,
attributes.	Birds Outdoors, Water and Land Snails, Worms in Soil,
	Isopods, Animals All Around Us, Living and Nonliving DR: Seashore Surprises, Find the Parent
3) Explain how humans use their five senses in making scientific	DR. Geasible Sulprises, I ind the Farent
findings.	FOSS Next Generation Trees and Weather
	TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-4
	Investigation 2; Parts 1-5
	SE: How Do We Learn?
	DR: Leaf Sorting, Once There Was a Tree
State Standard	FOSS Program
K.LS3.1: Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits	
1) Make observations to describe that young plants and animals	FOSS Next Generation Animals Two by Two
resemble their parents.	TE: Investigation 3; Part 4
	SE: Animals All Around Us
	DR: Find the Parent

Earth and Space Science

State Standard	FOSS Program
K.ESS2: Earth's Systems	
1) Analyze and interpret weather data (precipitation, wind, temperature, cloud cover) to describe weather patterns that occur over time (hourly, daily) using simple graphs, pictorial weather symbols, and tools (thermometer, rain gauge).	FOSS Next Generation Trees and Weather TE: Investigation 3; Parts 1-3 Investigation 4; Parts 1-9 SE: Up in the Sky, Weather, My Apple Tree, Orange Trees, Maple Trees
2) Develop and use models to predict weather and identify patterns in spring, summer, autumn, and winter.	DR : Who Lives Here?, Once There Was a Tree, Summer
State Standard	FOSS Program
K.ESS3: Earth and Human Activity	
1) Use a model to represent the relationship between the basic needs (shelter, food, water) of different plants and animals (including humans) and the places they live.	FOSS Next Generation Trees and Weather TE: Investigation 3; Parts 1-3 Investigation 4; Parts 1-9 SE: Up in the Sky, Weather, My Apple Tree, Orange
2) Explain the purpose of weather forecasting to prepare for, and respond to, severe weather in Tennessee.	Trees, Maple Trees
 Communicate solutions that will reduce the impact from humans on land, water, air, and other living things in the local environment. 	

TE: Teacher Editions-Investigations Guide, Teacher Resources • SE: Student Edition-Science Resources Book • DR: Digital Resources





Grade K Physical Science

State Standard	FOSS Program
K.PS1: Matter and Its Interactions	
1) Plan and conduct an investigation to describe and classify different kinds of materials including wood, plastic, metal, cloth, and paper by their observable properties (color, texture, hardness, and flexibility) and whether they are natural or human- made.	FOSS Next Generation Materials and Motion TE: Investigation1; Parts 1-4 Investigation 2; Parts 1-4 Investigation 3; Parts 1-4 SE: The Story of a Chair, The Story of a Box, What is Fabric Made From?, How Are Fabrics Used?
 2) Conduct investigations to understand that matter can exist in different states (solid and liquid) and has properties that can be observed and tested. 2) Construct on evidence based eccent of how on object made 	DR: Where is Wood?, Weave a Pattern
3) Construct an evidence-based account of how an object made of a small set of pieces (blocks, snap cubes) can be disassembled and made into a new object.	

Engineering Design ETS

State Standard	FOSS Program
K.ETS1: Engineering Design	
 Ask and answer questions about the scientific world and gather information using the senses. Describe objects accurately by drawing and/or labeling pictures. 	 FOSS Next Generation Materials and Motion TE: Investigation 4; Parts 1-4 SE: Pushes and Pulls, Collisions, DR: Build a Roller Coaster FOSS Next Generation Trees and Weather TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-4 Investigation 2; Parts 1-5 SE: How Do We Learn?, DR: Leaf Sorting, Once There Was a Tree FOSS Next Generation Animals Two by Two TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-5 Investigation 2: Parts 1-3 Investigation 3; Parts 1-3 Investigation 3; Parts 1-3 SE: Fish Same and Different, Fish Live in Many Places, Birds Outdoors, Water and Land Snails, Worms in Soil, Isopods, Animals All Around Us, Living and Nonliving
State Standard	DR: Seashore Surprises, Find the Parent FOSS Program
K.ETS2: Links Among Engineering, Technology, Science, and Society	
 Use appropriate tools (magnifying glass, rain gauge, basic balance scale) to make observations and answer testable scientific questions. 	 FOSS Next Generation Materials and Motion TE: Investigation 4; Parts 1-4 SE: Pushes and Pulls, Collisions, DR: Build a Roller Coaster FOSS Next Generation Trees and Weather TE: Investigation 3; Parts 2-3 SE: Up in the Sky, Weather FOSS Next Generation Animals Two by Two TE: Investigation 3; Part 1 Investigation 4; Part 1

TE: Teacher Editions-Investigations Guide, Teacher Resources • SE: Student Edition-Science Resources Book • DR: Digital Resources





Grade 1 Life Science

State Standard	FOSS Program
1.LS1: From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes	
1) Recognize the structure of plants (roots, stems, leaves, flowers, fruits) and describe the function of the parts (taking in water and air, producing food, making new plants).	FOSS Next Generation Plants and Animals TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-4 Investigation 2: Parts 1-3 Investigation 3; Parts 1-4
2) Illustrate and summarize the life cycle of plants.	Investigation 3; Parts 1-3 Investigation 4; Parts 1-3 SE: What do Plants Need?, The Story of Wheat, Variation, Plants and Animals Around the World, Learning
3) Analyze and interpret data from observations to describe how changes in the environment cause plants to respond in different ways.	from Nature DR: How Plants Grow, How Plants Live in Different Places, Watch it Grow
State Standard	FOSS Program
1.LS2: Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics	
1) Conduct an experiment to show how plants depend on air, water, minerals from soil, and light to grow and thrive.	FOSS Next Generation Plants and Animals TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-4
2) Obtain and communicate information to classify plants by where they grow (water, land) and the plant's physical characteristics.	Investigation 2: Parts 1-3 Investigation 3; Parts 1-4 Investigation 3; Parts 1-3 Investigation 4; Parts 1-3 SE: What do Plants Need?, The Story of Wheat,
3) Recognize how plants depend on their surroundings and other living things to meet their needs in the places they live.	Variation, Plants and Animals Around the World, Learning from Nature DR: How Plants Grow, How Plants Live in Different Places, Watch it Grow

Earth and Space Science

State Standard	FOSS Program
1.ESS1: Earth's Place in the Universe	
1) Use observations or models of the sun, moon, and stars to describe patterns that can be predicted.	FOSS Next Generation Air and Weather TE: Investigation 2; Parts 1-4 Investigation 4; Parts 1-4
2) Observe natural objects in the sky that can be seen from Earth with the naked eye and recognize that a telescope, used as a tool, can provide greater detail of objects in the sky.	SE: What is the Weather Today?, Clouds, Water in the Air, Changes in the Sky, Seasons, Getting through the Winter DR: Cloud Catcher
 Analyze data to predict patterns between sunrise and sunset, and the change of seasons. 	





Grade 1 Physical Science

State Standard	FOSS Program
1.PS3: Energy	
1) Make observations to determine how sunlight warms Earth's surfaces (sand, soil, rocks, and water).	FOSS Next Generation Air and Weather TE: Investigation 2; Part 2 SE: What is the Weather Today?
State Standard	FOSS Program
. 1.PS4: Waves and Their Application in Technologies for Information Transfer	
 Use a model to describe how light is required to make objects visible. Summarize how Illumination could be from an external light source or by an object giving off its own light. Determine the effect of placing objects made with different materials (transparent, translucent, opaque, and reflective) in the path of a beam of light. 	 FOSS Next Generation Sound and Light TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-3 (Addresses Gr. 2: 2PS4) Investigation 2; Parts 1-4 (Gr. 2: 2PS4) Investigation 3; Parts 1-3 Investigation 4; Parts 1-4 SE: Vibrations and Sound, Listen to This, Animal Ears and Hearing, Strings in Motion, More Musical Instruments, Playing in the Light, Reflections, Seeing the Light, Communicating with Light DR: Sorting Sounds, All About Sound, Light and Shadows, All About Light, My Shadow, Light and Darkness

Engineering Design ETS

State Standard	FOSS Program
1.ETS1: Engineering Design	
1) Solve scientific problems by asking testable questions, making short-term and long-term observations, and gathering information.	 FOSS Next Generation Air and Weather TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-5 Investigation 3; Parts 1-5 SE: What is All Around Us?, Understanding the Weather, DR: Friction and Air Resistance, Wind Speed FOSS Next Generation Sound and Light TE: Investigation 2; Part 4
	SE: Communicating with Light
State Standard	FOSS Program
1.ETS2: Links Among Engineering, Technology, Science, and Society	
1) Use appropriate tools (magnifying glass, basic balance scale) to make observations and answer testable scientific questions.	FOSS Next Generation Air and Weather TE: Investigation 1; Parts 3-4 Investigation 2; Part 2 Investigation 3; Part 4 SE: What is the Weather Today?, Understanding the Weather FOSS Next Generation Plants and Animals
	TE: Investigation 3; Part 2 SE: Plants and Animals Around the World





Grade 2 Life Science

State Standard	FOSS Program
2.LS1: From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes	
 Use evidence and observations to explain that many animals use their body parts and senses in different ways to see, hear, grasp objects, protect themselves, move from place to place, and seek, find, and take in food, water, and air. Obtain and communicate information to classify animals (vertebrates-mammals, birds, amphibians, reptiles, fish, invertebrates-insects) based on their physical characteristics. Use simple graphical representations to show that species 	 FOSS Next Generation Insects and Plants TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-3 Investigation 2 Investigation 3; Parts 1-4 Investigation 3; Parts 1-3 SE: Animals and Plants in Their Habitats, Flowers and Seeds, How Seeds Travel, Watch It Grow, So Many Kinds, So Many Places; Insect Shapes and Colors, Insect Life Cycles, Life Goes Around DR: Insect Hunt, How Plants Grow; What is Pollination?
have unique and diverse life cycles. State Standard	FOSS Program
2.LS2: Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics	
 . 1) Develop and use models to compare how animals depend on their surroundings and other living things to meet their needs in the places they live. 2) Predict what happens to animals when the environment changes (temperature, cutting down trees, wildfires, pollution, salinity, drought, land preservation). 	 FOSS Next Generation Insects and Plants TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-3 Investigation 2: Investigation 3; Parts 1-4 Investigation 3; Parts 1-3 SE: Animals and Plants in Their Habitats, Flowers and Seeds, How Seeds Travel, Watch It Grow, So Many Kinds, So Many Places; Insect Shapes and Colors, Insect Life Cycles, Life Goes Around DR: Insect Hunt, How Plants Grow, What is Pollination? FOSS Next Generation Sound and Light TE: Investigation 2; Part 1 SE: Animal Ears and Hearing
State Standard	FOSS Program
2.LS3: Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits 1) Use evidence to explain that living things have physical traits inherited from parents and that variations of these traits exist in groups of similar organisms.	 FOSS Next Generation Insects and Plants TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-3 Investigation 2: Investigation 3; Parts 1-4 Investigation 3; Parts 1-3 SE: Animals and Plants in Their Habitats, Flowers and Seeds, How Seeds Travel, Watch It Grow, So Many Kinds, So Many Places; Insect Shapes and Colors, Insect Life Cycles, Life Goes Around DR: Insect Hunt, How Plants Grow, What is Pollination?

Earth and Space Science

State Standard	FOSS Program
2.ESS1: Earth's Place in the Universe	
1) Recognize that some of Earth's natural processes are cyclical, while others have a beginning and an end. Some events happen quickly, while others occur slowly over time.	FOSS Next Generation Pebbles, Sand and Silt TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-2 Investigation 4; Parts 1-4 SE: Exploring Rocks DR: All About Volcanoes

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State Standard	FOSS Program
2.ESS2: Earth's Systems	
1) Compare the effectiveness of multiple solutions designed to slow or prevent wind or water from changing the shape of the land.	FOSS Next Generation Pebbles, Sand and Silt TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-3 Investigation 2; Parts 1-4 Investigation 4; Parts 1-4
2) Observe and analyze how blowing wind and flowing water can move Earth materials (soil, rocks) from one place to another, changing the shape of a landform and affecting the habitats of living things.	SE: Exploring Rocks, The Story of Sand, Rocks Move, Landforms, What is Soil? Testing Soil, Where is Water Found? States of Water, Erosion, Ways to Represent Land and Water DR: All About Volcanoes, Rock Sorting, All About Land
3) Compare simple maps of different land areas to observe the shapes and kinds of land (rock, soil, sand) and water (river, stream, lake, pond).	Formations
4) Use information obtained from reliable sources to explain that water is found in the ocean, rivers, streams, lakes, and ponds, and may be solid or liquid.	

Physical Science

State Standard	FOSS Program
2.PS2: Motion and Stability: Forces and Interactions	
 Analyze the push or the pull that occurs when objects collide or are connected. Evaluate the effects of different strengths and directions of a push or a pull on the motion of an object. Recognize the effect of multiple pushes and pulls on an object's movement or non-movement 	 FOSS Third Edition Balance and Motion TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-4 Investigation 2; Parts 1-3 Investigation 3; Parts 1-4 Investigation 5; Part 1 SE: Make it Balance, Push or Pull, Things That Spin, Rolling, Rolling; Move It, but Don't Touch It FOSS Next Generation Motion and Matter TE: Investigation 4; Parts 1-3 SE: Pushes and Pulls, Collisions DR: Build a Roller Coaster
State Standard	FOSS Program
2.PS3: Energy	r ooc r rogram
 Demonstrate how a stronger push or pull makes things go faster and how faster speeds during a collision can cause a bigger change in the shape of the colliding objects. Make observations and conduct experiments to provide evidence that friction produces heat and reduces or increases the motion of an object. 	 FOSS Third Edition Balance and Motion TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-4 Investigation 2; Parts 1-3 Investigation 3; Parts 1-4 SE: Make it Balance, Push or Pull, Things That Spin, Rolling, Rolling; FOSS Next Generation Motion and Matter TE: Investigation 4; Parts 1-3 SE: Pushes and Pulls, Collisions, DR: Build a Roller Coaster
State Standard	FOSS Program
2.PS4: Waves and Their Applications in Technologies for Information Transfer	
1) Plan and conduct investigations to demonstrate the cause and effect relationship between vibrating materials (tuning forks, water, bells) and sound.	FOSS Third Edition Balance and Motion TE: Investigation 4; Parts 1-3 SE: Strings in Motion

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Grade 2	
2) Use tools and materials to design and build a device to	Fully Addressed in Grade 1
understand that light and sound travel in waves and can send	FOSS Next Generation Sound and Light
signals over a distance.	TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-3
	Investigation 2; Parts 1-4
3) Observe and demonstrate that waves move in regular patterns	Investigation 3; Parts 1-3
of motion by disturbing the surface of shallow and deep water.	Investigation 4; Parts 1-4
	SE: Vibrations and Sound, Listen to This, Animal Ears
	and Hearing, Strings in Motion, More Musical
	Instruments, Playing in the Light, Reflections, Seeing the
	Light, Communicating with Light
	DR: Sorting Sounds, All About Sound, Light and
	Shadows, All About Light, My Shadow, Light and
	Darkness,

Engineering Design ETS

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State Standard	FOSS Program
2.ETS1: Engineering Design	
1) Define a simple problem that can be solved through the	FOSS Third Edition Balance and Motion
development of a new or improved object or tool by asking	TE: Investigation 1; Part 4
questions, making observations, and gather accurate information	Investigation 2; Parts 2- 3
about a situation people want to change.	Investigation 3; Part 3
	SE: Things That Spin
2) Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model that	FOSS Next Generation Pebbles Sand and Silt
communicates solutions to others.	TE: Investigation 4: Part 4
28	SE: Erosion
3) Recognize that to solve a problem, one may need to break	
the problem into parts, address each part, and then bring the	
parts back together	
4) Compare and contrast solutions to a design problem by using	
evidence to point out strengths and weaknesses of the design.	
State Standard	FOSS Program
2.ETS2: Links Among Engineering, Technology, Science,	
and Society	
1) Use appropriate tools to make observations, record data, and	FOSS Third Edition Balance and Motion
refine design ideas.	TE: Investigation 1; Part 4
	Investigation 2; Parts 2- 3
2) Predict and explain how human life and the natural world	Investigation 3; Part 3
would be different without current technologies.	Investigation 5; Part 2
-	SE: Things That Spin, Tools and Machines
	DR: All About Simple Machines
	FOSS Next Generation Pebbles, Sand and Silt
	TE: Investigation 3; Parts 1-5
	SE: Making Things with Rocks,
	DR: Find Earth Materials

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Grade 3 Life Science

State Standard	FOSS Program
3.LS1: From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes	
1) Analyze the internal and external structures that aquatic and land animals and plants have to support survival, growth, behavior, and reproduction.	 FOSS Next Generation Structures of Life TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-4 Investigation 2; Parts 1-4 Investigation 3; Parts 1-3 SE: The Reason for Fruit, the Most Important Seed, Barbara McClintock Nature Journal-How Seeds Travel, Germination, Life Cycles, Crayfish, Adaptations, Life on Earth DR: How Seeds Get Here-And There, How Plants Get Food, All About Animal Life Cycles, All About Animal Adaptations, Walking Stick Survival, All About Animal Behavior and Communication
State Standard	FOSS Program
3.LS2: Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics	
. 1) Construct an argument to explain why some animals benefit from forming groups.	FOSS Next Generation Structures of Life TE: Investigation 3; part 3 SE: Life on Earth, All About Animal Behavior and Communication
State Standard	FOSS Program
3.LS4: Biological Change: Unity and Diversity	
 Explain the cause and effect relationship between a naturally changing environment and an organism's ability to survive. Infer that plant and animal adaptations help them survive in land and aquatic biomes. 3) Explain how changes to an environment's biodiversity influence human resources. 	 FOSS Next Generation Structures of Life TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-4 Investigation 2; Parts 1-4 Investigation 3; Parts 1-3 SE: The Reason for Fruit, the Most Important Seed, Barbara McClintock Nature Journal-How Seeds Travel, Germination, Life Cycles, Crayfish, Adaptations, Life on Earth DR: How Seeds Get Here-And There, How Plants Get Food, All About Animal Life Cycles, All About Animal Adaptations, Walking Stick Survival, All About Animal Behavior and Communication





Earth and Space Science

State Standard	FOSS Program
3.ESS1: Earth's Place in the Universe	
1) Use data to categorize the planets in the solar system as inner or outer planets according to their physical properties.	Delta Science Reader: Solar System
State Standard	FOSS Program
3.ESS2: Earth's Systems	
 1) Explain the cycle of water on Earth. 2) Associate major cloud types (cumulus, cumulonimbus, cirrus, stratus, nimbostratus) with weather conditions. 3) Use tables, graphs, and tools to describe precipitation, temperature, and wind (direction and speed) to determine local weather and climate. 4) Incorporate weather data to describe major climates (polar, temperate, tropical) in different regions of the world. 	FOSS Next Generation Water and Climate TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-4 Investigation 2; Parts 1-5 Investigation 3: Parts 1-5 Investigation 4; Parts 1-2 SE: A Report from the Blue Planet, Surface Tension, Which Way Does it Go?, Opinion and Evidence, Water Everywhere, Vacation Aggravation, Celsius and Fahrenheit, Water: Hot and Cold, Ice is Everywhere, Studying Weather, Drying Up, Surface-Area Experiment, Condensation, the Water Cycle, Climate Regions, DR: Measuring Volume, Measuring Mass, Measuring Temperature, Reading a Thermometer, Expansion and Contraction of Water, All About Meteorology, Water Cycle, Weather Grapher, Evaporation Experiment, All About
	Climate and Seasons, Climate Regions Map
State Standard	FOSS Program
3.ESS3: Earth and Human Activity	
 Explain how natural hazards (fires, landslides, earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, floods) impact humans and the environment. Design solutions to reduce the impact of netural bazarda (fires) 	FOSS Next Generation Water and Climate TE: Investigation 4; Part 3 Investigation 5 Parts 1-2 SE: Wetlands for Flood Control, Conserving Water During
2) Design solutions to reduce the impact of natural hazards (fires, landslides, earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, floods) on the environment.	Droughts, Come a Tide, Floods, Water: A Vital Resource, Making Drinking Water Safe

Physical Science

State Standard	FOSS Program
3.PS1: Matter and Its Interactions	
1) Describe the properties of solids, liquids, and gases and	FOSS Next Generation Motion and Matter
identify that matter is made up of particles too small to be seen.	TE: Investigation 4; Parts 1-3
	SE: Mixtures, Reactions, Careers You Can Count On,
2) Differentiate between changes caused by heating or cooling	DR: Measuring Mass, Conservation of Mass, Measuring
that can be reversed and that cannot.	Volume and Mass, Measuring Volume, Chemical Reaction,
	Metric Mystery, Measuring Length, Measurement Logic
3) Describe and compare the physical properties of matter	3.PS1.2 is supplemented with Delta Science Content Reader:
including color, texture, shape, length, mass, temperature,	Changes in Matter (2 reading levels)
volume, state, hardness, and flexibility.	
State Standard	FOSS Program
3.PS2: Motion and Stability: Forces and Interactions	
1) Explain the cause and effect relationship of magnets.	FOSS Next Generation Motion and Matter
2) Solve a problem by applying the use of the interactions	TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-3
between two magnets.	SE: Magnetism and Gravity, What Scientists Do, Change
	and Motion
	DR: Magnetic Poles, All About Motion and Balance, All
	about Magnets

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State Standard	FOSS Program
3.PS3: Energy	
 Recognize that energy is present when objects move; describe the effects of energy transfer from one object to 	FOSS Next Generation Motion and Matter TE: Investigation 2; Parts 1-4
another.	Investigation 3; Parts 1-3
2) Apply scientific ideas to design, test, and refine a device that converts electrical energy to another form of energy, using open or closed simple circuits.	SE: Patterns of Motion, What Goes Around, What Engineers Do, Engineering Practices, Soap Box Derby, The Metric System, How Scientists and Engineers Work Together, Magnets at Work DR: Roller Coaster Builder, Measuring Length, Measuring
3) Evaluate how magnets cause changes in the motion and position of objects, even when the objects are not touching the magnet.	Logic,

Engineering Design

State Standard	FOSS Program
 3.ETS1: Engineering Design 1) Design a solution to a real-world problem that includes specified criteria for constraints. 	FOSS Next Generation Motion and Matter TE: Investigation 3; Parts 1-3 SE: What Engineers Do, Engineering Practices, Soap Box
 Apply evidence or research to support a design solution. by comparing them to specified criteria for constraints. 	Derby, The Metric System, How Scientists and Engineers Work Together, Magnets at Work DR: Roller Coaster Builder, Measuring Length, Measuring Logic
	FOSS Next Generation Water and Climate TE: Investigation 5; Part 3 SE: Using the Energy of Water
State Standard	FOSS Program
3.ETS2: Links Among Engineering, Technology, Science, and Society	
1) Identify and demonstrate how technology can be used for different purposes.	 FOSS Next Generation Motion and Matter TE: Investigation 3; Parts 1-3 SE: What Engineers Do, Engineering Practices, Soap Box Derby, The Metric System, How Scientists and Engineers Work Together, Magnets at Work DR: Roller Coaster Builder, Measuring Length, Measuring Logic
	 FOSS Next Generation Water and Climate TE: Investigation 2; Parts 1-2 Investigation 3; Part 1 Investigation 5; Parts 2-3 SE: Celsius and Fahrenheit, Studying Weather, Making Drinking Water Safe, Using the Energy of Water DR: Measuring Temperature, Reading a Thermometer, All About Meteorology, Weather Grapher





Grade 4 Life Science

State Standard	FOSS/Delta Program
4.LS2: Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics	
 Support an argument with evidence that plants get the materials they need for growth and reproduction chiefly through a process in which they use carbon dioxide from the air, water, and energy from the sun to produce sugars, plant materials, and waste (oxygen); and that this process is called photosynthesis. Develop models of terrestrial and aquatic food chains to describe the movement of energy among producers, herbivores, carnivores, omnivores, and decomposers. Using information about the roles of organisms (producers, consumers, decomposers), evaluate how those roles in food chains are interconnected in a food web, and communicate how the organisms are continuously able to meet their needs in a stable food web. Develop and use models to determine the effects of introducing a species to, or removing a species from, an ecosystem and how either one can damage the balance of an ecosystem. Analyze and interpret data about changes (land characteristics, water distribution, temperature, food, and other organisms) in the environment and describe what mechanisms organisms can use to affect their ability to survive and reproduce. 	 FOSS Next Generation Environments TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-3 Investigation 2; Parts 1-4 Investigation 3; Parts 1-4 SE: Two Terrestrial Environments, Darkling Beetles, Setting Up a Terrarium, Isopods, Amazon Rain Frest Journal, Freshwater Environments, What is an Ecosystem? Food Chains and Food Webs, Human Activities and Aquatic Ecosystems, Comparing Aquatic and Terrestrial Ecosystems, Animal Sensory Systems, Saving Murrelets through Mimicry, Brine Shrimp, The Mono Lake Story, What Happens When Ecosystems Change, The Shrimp Club?, Variation and Selection, Environmental Scientists, Range of Tolerance, How Organisms Depend on One Another, Animals From the Past, DR: Virtual Aquarium, Virtual Terrarium, Animal Language and Communication, Food Webs, Trout Range of Tolerance, Analyzing Environmental Experiments, All about Plant Adaptations
State Standard	FOSS/Delta Program
4.LS4: Biological Change: Unity and Diversity	
1) Obtain information about what a fossil is and ways a fossil can provide information about the past.	 FOSS Next Generation Environments TE: Investigation 4; Part 2 SE: Animals from the Past FOSS Next Generation Soils, Rocks, and Landforms TE: Investigation 2; Part 4 SE: Fossils Tell a Story, DR: Fossils

Earth and Space Science

State Standard	FOSS/Delta Program
4.ESS1: Earth's Place in the Universe	
 Generate and support a claim with evidence that over long periods of time, erosion (weathering and transportation) and deposition have changed landscapes and created new landforms. Use a model to explain how the orbit of the Earth and sun cause observable patterns: a. day and night; b. changes in length and direction of shadows over a day. 	 FOSS Next Generation Soils, Rocks, and Landforms TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-4 Investigation 2; Parts 1-4 Investigation 3: Part 4 SE: What is Soil?, Weathering, Erosion and Deposition, Landforms Photo Album, It Happened So Fast, DR: Weathering and Erosion, Soils, Geology Lab: Stream Tables, Tutorial-Stream Tables: Slope and Flood, Virtual Investigation-Stream Tables

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State Standard	FOSS/Delta Program
4.ESS2: Earth's Systems	
 Collect and analyze data from observations to provide 	FOSS Next Generation Soils, Rocks, and Landforms
evidence that rocks, soils, and sediments are broken into smaller	TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-4
pieces through mechanical weathering (frost wedging, abrasion,	Investigation 2; Parts 1-4
tree root wedging) and are transported by water, ice, wind,	Investigation 3: Parts 1-4
gravity, and vegetation.	Investigation 4; Part 3 SE: What is Soil?, Weathering, Erosion and Deposition,
	Landforms Photo Album, It Happened So Fast,
2) Interpret maps to determine that the location of mountain	Topographic Maps, The Story of Mt Shasta, It Happened
ranges, deep ocean trenches, volcanoes, and earthquakes occur in patterns.	So Fast, Where Do Rocks Come From?
in patients.	DR: Weathering and Erosion, Soils, Geology Lab: Stream
2) Provide examples to support the claim that organisms offect	Tables, Tutorial-Stream Tables: Slope and Flood, Virtual
3) Provide examples to support the claim that organisms affect the physical characteristics of their regions.	Investigation-Stream Tables, Volcanoes, Topographer, Mt.
the physical characteristics of their regions.	St. Helen's Impact
4) Analyze and interpret data on the four layers of the Earth,	
including thickness, composition, and physical states of these	
layers.	
State Standard	FOSS/Delta Program
4.ESS3: Earth and Human Activity	
1) Obtain and combine information to describe that energy and	FOSS Next Generation Soils, Rocks, and Landforms
fuels are derived from natural resources and that some energy	TE: Investigation 4; Parts 1-3
and fuel sources are renewable (sunlight, wind, water) and some	Investigation 1; Part 3
are not (fossil fuels, minerals).	SE: Geoscientists at Work, Making Concrete, Weathering DR: Natural Resources, Resources ID, Weathering and
	Erosion
2) Create an argument, using evidence from research, that	
human activity (farming, mining, building) can affect the land and ocean in positive and/or negative ways.	FOSS Next Generation Energy
ocean in positive and/or negative ways.	TE: Investigation 5; Part 3
	SE: Alternative Sources of Electricity

Physical Science

State Standard	FOSS/Delta Program
4.PS3: Energy	
 Use evidence to explain the cause and effect relationship between the speed of an object and the energy of an object. Observe and explain the relationship between potential energy and kinetic energy. 3) Describe how stored energy can be converted into another form for practical use. 	 FOSS Next Generation Energy TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-2 Investigation 4; Part 1-3 SE: Edison Sees the Light, Energy Sources, Energy, What Causes Change of Motion?, Bowling, Force and Energy, Potential and Kinetic Energy at Work DR: Lighting a Bulb, Flow of Electricity, Tutorial: Simple Circuits, Soccer, All About the Transfer of Energy
State Standard	FOSS/Delta Program
4.PS4: Waves and their Application in Technologies for Information Transfer	
1) Use a model of a simple wave to explain regular patterns of amplitude, wavelength, and direction.	FOSS Next Generation Energy TE: Investigation 5; Parts 1-3 SE: Waves, Light Interactions, Throw a Little Light on Sight,
2) Describe how the colors of available light sources and the bending of light waves determine what we see.	More Light on the Subject, Alternative sources of Electricity, Ms Osgood's Class Report DR: Sound Energy, Waves, Real World Science: Sound All
 Investigate how lenses and digital devices like computers or cell phones use waves to enhance human senses. 	Around Us, All About Light, Reflecting Light, Colored Light

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Engineering Design

State Standard	FOSS/Delta Program
4.ETS1: Engineering Design	
1) Categorize the effectiveness of design solutions by comparing them to specified criteria for constraints.	 FOSS Next Generation Energy TE: Investigation 1; Parts 2-3
State Standard	FOSS/Delta Program
4.ETS2: Links Among Engineering, Technology, Science, and Society	
 Use appropriate tools and measurements to build a model. Determine the effectiveness of multiple solutions to a design problem given the criteria and the constraints. Explain how engineers have improved existing technologies to increase their benefits, to decrease known risks, and to meet societal demands (artificial limbs, seatbelts, cell phones). 	 FOSS Next Generation Energy TE: Investigation 1; Parts 2-3 Investigation 3; Parts 1-3 Investigation 5; Part 3 SE: Series and Parallel Circuits, Science Practices, Engineering Practices, Thinking Like an Engineer, Engineering a Solar Lighting Solution, Electricity Creates Magnetism, Using Magnetic Fields, Electromagnets Everywhere, Alternative Sources of Electricity DR: Tutorial: Simple Circuits, Tutorial: Electromagnets, Virtual Electromagnet, Morse Gets Clicking 4.ETS2.3 also addressed by: FOSS Next Generation Soils, Rocks, Landforms TE: Investigation 3; Part 3 Investigation 4; Part 1 SE: Geoscientists at Work DR: Mt. St. Helens

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Grade 5 Life Science

State Standard	FOSS Program
5.LS1: From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes	
1)Compare and contrast animal responses that are instinctual	Delta ScienceFLEX Adaptations
versus those that are gathered through the senses, processed,	or
and stored as memories to guide their actions.	Delta Science Reader: Heredity
State Standard	FOSS Program
5.LS3: Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits	
1) Distinguish between inherited characteristics and those	ScienceFLEX Adaptations
characteristics that result from a direct interaction with the	or
environment. Apply this concept by giving examples of	Delta Science Content Reader: Changes in Ecosystems
characteristics of living organisms that are influenced by both inheritance and the environment.	
2) Provide evidence and analyze data that plants and animals	
have traits inherited from parents and that variations of these traits exist in a group of similar organisms.	
State Standard	FOSS Program
 5.LS4: Biological Change: Unity and Diversity 1) Analyze and interpret data from fossils to describe types of 	5.LS4.1 and 5.LS4.2 addressed in
organisms and their environments that existed long ago. Compare	FOSS Next Generation Environments (grade 4)
similarities and differences of those to living organisms and their	TE: Investigation 4 Part 2
environments. Recognize that most kinds of animals (and plants)	SE: Animals from the Past
that once lived on Earth are now extinct.	
	5.LS4.1 addressed in
2) Use evidence to construct an explanation for how variations in	FOSS Next Generation Soils, Rocks, and Landforms
characteristics among individuals within the same species may	(grade 4)
provide advantages to these individuals in their survival and	TE: Investigation 2; Part 4
reproduction.	SE: Fossils Tell a Story,
	DR: Fossils
	5.LS4.2
	ScienceFLEX Adaptations

Earth and Space Science

State Standard	FOSS Program
5.ESS1: Earth's Place in the Universe	
1) Explain that differences in the apparent brightness of the sun	FOSS Third Edition Sun, Moon and Planets
compared to other stars is due to their relative distances from	TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-3
the Earth.	Investigation 2; Parts 1-3
	Investigation 3: Parts 1-2
2) Research and explain the position of the Earth and the solar system within the Milky Way galaxy, and compare the size and shape of the Milky Way to other galaxies in the universe.	Investigation 4; Parts 1-2 SE: Changing Shadows, Sunrise and Sunset, The Night Sky, Comparing the Size of the Earth and the Moon,
	Changing Moon, Lunar Cycle, Eclipses, Exploring the Solar System, Why Doesn't Earth Fly Off into Space, How Did
3) Use data to categorize different bodies in our solar system including moons, asteroids, comets, and meteoroids according to their physical properties and motion.	Earth's Moon Form?, Stargazing, Looking through Telescopes, Star Scientists, Our Galaxy DR: All About the Moon, Planets and the Solar System, All About Stars
4) Explain the cause and effect relationship between the positions of the sun, earth, and moon and resulting eclipses,	

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position of constellations, and appearance of the moon.	
5) Relate the tilt of the Earth's axis, as it revolves around the sun, to the varying intensities of sunlight at different latitudes. Evaluate how this causes changes in day-lengths and seasons.	
6) Use tools to describe how stars and constellations appear to move from the Earth's perspective throughout the seasons.	
7) Use evidence from the presence and location of fossils to determine the order in which rock strata were formed.	

Physical Science

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State Standard	FOSS Program
5.PS1: Matter and Its Interactions	
1) Analyze and interpret data from observations and	FOSS Next Generation Mixtures and Solutions
measurements of the physical properties of matter to explain	TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-4
phase changes between a solid, liquid, or gas.	Investigation 2; Part 3
	Investigation 3; Parts 2-4
2) Analyze and interpret data to show that the amount of matter	Investigation 5; Parts 1-3
is conserved even when it changes form, including transitions	SE: Mixtures, Taking Mixtures Apart, Extracts, The Story of Salt, Solid to Liquid, Liquid and Gases Changes, Celsius
where matter seems to vanish.	and Fahrenheit, Concentrated Solutions, The Air, Famous
	Scientists, Carbon Dioxide Concentration in the Air, Famous
3) Design a process to measure how different variables	Chemist, When Substances Change, Air Bags
(temperature, particle size, stirring) affect the rate of dissolving	DR: Tutorial: Mixtures, Tutorial: Solutions, Separating
solids into liquids.	Mixtures, Virtual Investigation: Separating Mixtures,
	Changes in Properties of Matter, Tutorial: Concentration,
4) Evaluate the results of an experiment to determine whether	Virtual Investigation: Saltwater Concentration, Why Are
the mixing of two or more substances result in a change of	Oceans Salty, Tutorial: Density, Fizz Quiz, Chemical
properties.	Reactions, Tutorial: Reaction or Not?
State Standard	FOSS Program
5.PS2: Motion and Stability: Forces and Interactions	
1) Test the effects of balanced and unbalanced forces on the	FOSS Third Edition Motion, Force, and Models
speed and direction of motion of objects.	
	TE: Investigation 1; Parts 1-3
2) Make observations and measurements of an object's motion	Investigation 2; Parts 1-4
2) Make observations and measurements of an object's motion to provide evidence that a pattern can be used to predict future	Investigation 3; Parts 1-3
motion.	Investigation 4
	SE: What Causes Change of Motion? Galileo and
	Pendulums, Bowling, Force and Energy, Potential and
3) Use evidence to support that the gravitational force exerted by	Kinetic Energy at Work, Coming to a Stop, Concussion
Earth on objects is directed toward the Earth's center.	Discussion, Springs in Action, Graphing Data
	DR: All About Motion and Balance, Springs
4) Explain the cause and effect relationship of two factors (mass	
and distance) that affect gravity.	
	ScienceFLEX Motion and Forces in Toys
5) Explain how forces can create patterns within a system	Lesson 1 Motion and Energy
(moving in one direction, shifting back and forth, or moving in	Lesson 2 Measuring Speed
cycles), and describe conditions that affect how fast or slowly	Lesson 3 Forces and Speed/Motion
these patterns occur.	Lesson 4 Forces and Weight
	Lesson 5 Gravity
	Lesson 6 Friction
	Lesson 7 Collisions
	Lesson 8 Balanced Forces
	Lesson 9 Engineering Challenge

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Grade 5 Engineering Design

State Standard	FOSS Program
5.ETS1: Engineering Design	
 Research, test, re-test, and communicate a design to solve a problem. Plan and carry out tests on one or more elements of a prototype in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify which elements need to be improved. Apply the results of tests to redesign the prototype. 	 FOSS Third Edition Motion, Force, and Models TE: Investigation 4; Parts 1-3 SE: Scientists and Models, Beachcombing Science, The Path to Invention, Creative Solutions ScienceFLEX Motion and Forces in Toys Lesson 9 Engineering Challenge
3) Describe how failure provides valuable information toward finding a solution.	
State Standard	FOSS Program
5.ETS2: Links Among Engineering, Technology, Science, and Society	
1) Use appropriate measuring tools, simple hand tools, and fasteners to construct a prototype of a new or improved technology.	FOSS Third Edition Motion Force and Models TE: Investigation 4; Parts 1-3 SE: Scientists and Models, Beachcombing Science, The Path to Invention, Creative Solutions
2) Describe how human beings have made tools and machines (X-ray cameras, microscopes, satellites, computers) to observe and do things that they could not otherwise sense or do at all, or as quickly or efficiently.	FOSS Next Generation <i>Mixtures and Solutions</i> TE: Investigation 4 ;Part 4 SE: East Bay Academy for Young Scientists, Drinking Ocean Water
 Identify how scientific discoveries lead to new and improved technologies. 	

